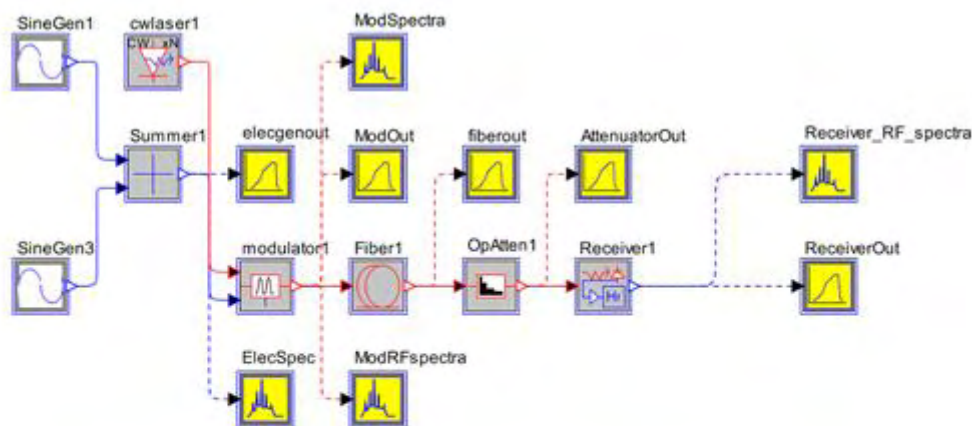
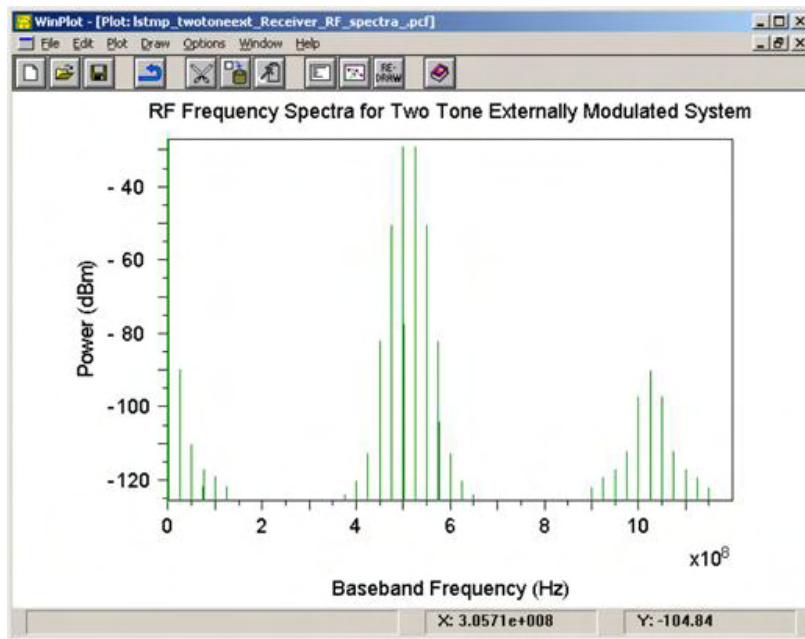


Let us next consider a two tone externally modulated analog transmission system shown below:

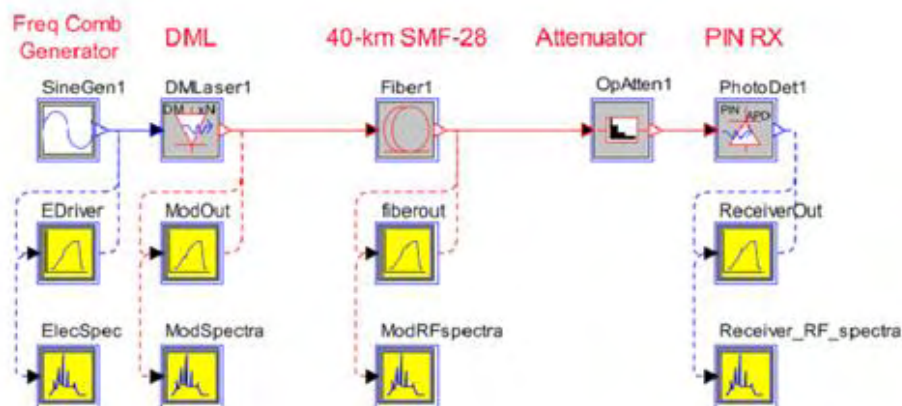


This example simulates two sinusoidal frequency tones at 500 MHz and 525 MHz, externally modulated onto a DFB laser source, propagated through singlemode fiber to a PIN-based receiver. You can view the RF spectra to measure the distortions in this system.

The RF spectra can be viewed in the spectrum analyzer to measure the distortions such as composite second order (CSO) distortion, which are due to new frequencies generated at  $f_1 + f_2$  and  $f_2 - f_1$ . Figure below shows the RF spectra with power at frequencies 1025 MHz and 25 MHz as well as the original frequencies of 500 MHz and 525 MHz. Also shown are the modulation distortions at  $2*f_1$  and  $2*f_2$  at 1000 MHz and 1050 MHz respectively. The most striking difference between this and the direct modulated example are the additional distortions at a number of additional frequencies.



Let us now consider the third case:

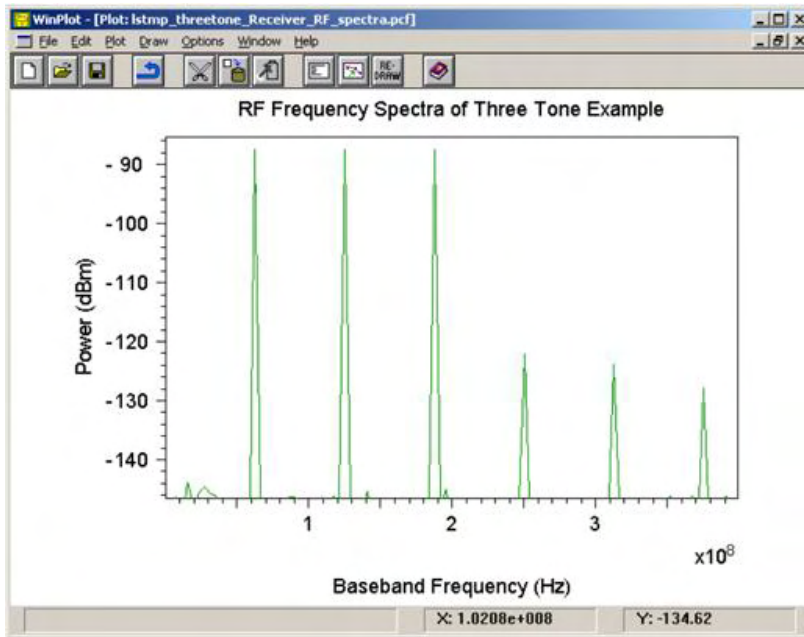


This example simulates three sine-frequency tones at  $f_1 = 62.5$  MHz,  $f_2 = 125$  MHz, and  $f_3 = 187.5$  MHz, modulated onto a direct modulated DFB laser source, propagated through 40-km single-mode fiber to a PIN receiver. You can view the RF spectra to measure the distortions in this system, such as CSO (composite second order) and CTB (composite triple beat) :

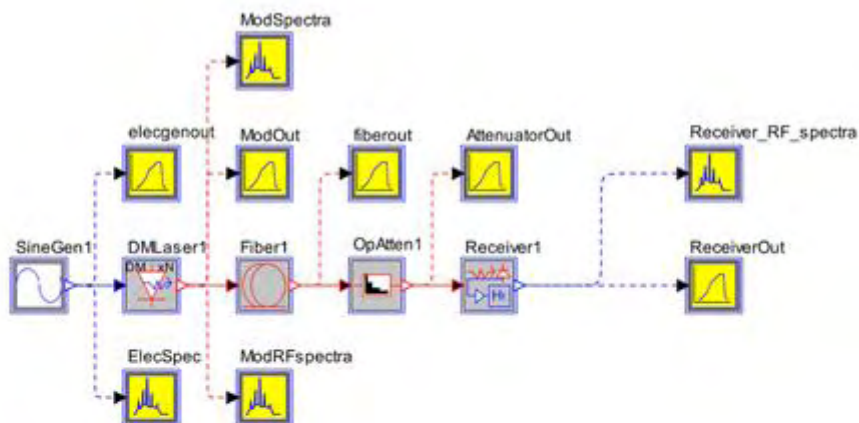
CSO = -36 dBc (at  $f = f_1 + f_2 = 250$  MHz and  $f = f_2 + f_3 = 312.5$  MHz)  
 CTB = -41 dBc (at  $f = f_1 + f_2 + f_3 = 375$  MHz)

Here, the three frequencies are then modulated together onto a DFB laser with wavelength 1550 nm and propagated over 40 km of standard singlemode fiber (SMF-28) to a PIN-based receiver. The RF

spectrum at the receiver can be viewed to analyze the composite second order, composite triple beat, and other distortions in the system as shown below:



Let us now consider the fourth case:



This example simulates twenty sinusoidal frequency tones starting at  $f_1=500$  MHz with 6 MHz spacing, modulated onto a direct modulated DFB laser source, propagated through singlemode fiber to a PIN-based receiver. You can view the RF spectra to measure the distortions in this system, such as CSO, CTB, and IM distortion in the dropped channel at 554 MHz.

This case demonstrates a simulation of a 20-channel analog CATV system. In this example as in the above, we focus our attention on the distortions. In the figure below, we see the modulated

frequencies for the twenty channels minus the dropped channel, and the distortions present at that frequency.

